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	APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/707, 430 11/06/00  020686 DORSEY & WHITNEY, LLP SUITE 4700		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		АДГОВИЕУ ДОСКЕТ ИО.	
ı			IM22/0803	乛	EXAMINER COOLEY, C	
	370 SEVENTER DENVER CO 80		•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
					DATE MAILED:	08/07/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

### Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/707.430

Applicateds)

Examiner

Art Unit

Cornay



**Charles Cooley** 1723 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE \_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_ MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 May 2001 2a) X This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3)  $\square$  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213. **Disposition of Claims** 4) X Claim(s) 3-12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above, claim(s) 8-12 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 6) X Claim(s) 3-7 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) X Claims 3-12 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. **Application Papers** 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_ is/are objected to by the Examiner. 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on 29 May 2000 is: a) approved b) disapproved. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d). a) All b) Some\* c) None of: 1.  $\square$  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. 
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e). Attachment(s) 15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). 16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 20) Other:

## **OFFICE ACTION**

### Election/Restriction

1. Newly submitted claims 8-12 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons:

The invention of newly submitted claims 8-12 and the invention of originally presented claims 1-2 are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case, the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as a process which lacks a step of providing a centrifuge with at least two opposing arms, a step of defining a flow path between concentric tube walls, or a step of forming plugs in the distal ends of the multiple arms.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, method claims 8-12 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

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### Drawings

2. The proposed drawing correction and/or the proposed substitute sheets of drawings, filed on 29 MAY 2001 have been approved by the Examiner.

## Specification

- 3. The abstract is acceptable.
- 4. The title is acceptable.

# Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

5. Claims 3-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 3, line 8: "said concentric tube walls" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim 6, line 5: "said frame" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim 7, lines 2-3: do the "concentric tube walls" have any relationship to the concentric tube wall of claim 3?

### Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Nerad.

The patent to Nerad discloses a centrifuge comprising a housing 10 having a central body (above 13) with a top and bottom collar (the areas above and below 27); the central body defining an axis; a hollow arm 6 extending from the central body with a first end attached to the central body and a second end extending away from the central body (Figs. 1-2); the hollow arm 6 having an end cap 7 to form a chamber in the arm; a baffle 22, 23 attached to the central body and extending into the chamber and defining a flow path between concentric tube walls (Figs. 1-2) within the chamber; the flow path including a fist exit path (within 22) for guiding lighter material out of the housing (at 27, 28) and a second exit path (within 23) for guiding heavier material through the housing; entrance path 9 formed in the housing; frame 12, 17 supporting the housing 10 for rotation of the arm; and a bearing 14 engaging the top collar (above 27)

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## Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nerad in view of Coleman.

Nerad discloses a drive motor 16 for providing rotational motion but does not disclose the recited ring gear. Coleman discloses a drive means for a centrifuge comprising a drive motor 29 and a ring gear 26 coupled to housing 14 and the motor 29. In view of the teachings of Nerad which suggests that any suitable means for rotating the centrifuge may be employed (Col. 2, lines 16-19), it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time applicant's invention was made, to have provided the centrifuge of Nerad with a motor and ring gear drive means as disclosed by Coleman for the purpose of providing a simple and efficient means for imparting motion to the centrifuge (Col. 1. lines 18-20).

## Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claim 7 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. However, combining claim 7 into claim 3 would result in a claim equivalent to patented claim 1 in U.S. Patent No. 6,142,924 and would mandate a double patenting rejection of such a claim under 35 U.S.C. 101.

## Response to Amendment

11. Applicant's arguments with respect to the pending claims have been considered but are deemed to be moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Turning to the rejection of the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b), it is noted that the terminology in a pending application's claims is to be given its broadest reasonable interpretation (*In re Zletz*, 893 F.2d 319, 321, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989)) and limitations from a pending application's specification will not be read into the claims (*Sjolund v. Musland*, 847 F.2d 1573, 1581-82, 6 USPQ2d 2020, 2027 (Fed. Cir. 1988)). Anticipation under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) is established only when a single prior art reference discloses, either expressly or under the principles of inherency, each and every element of a claimed invention. See *Constant v. Advanced Micro-Devices. Inc.*, 848 F.2d 1560, 1570, 7 USPQ2d 1057, 1064 (Fed. Cir.), cert. denied, 488 U.S. 892 (1988); *RCA Corp. v. Applied Digital Data Sys.. Inc.*, 730 F.2d 1440, 1444, 221 USPQ

385, 388 (Fed. Cir. 1984). Moreover, anticipation by a prior art reference does not require either the inventive concept of the claimed subject matter or the recognition of properties that are inherently possessed by the prior art reference. Verdegaal Brothers Inc. v. Union Oil co. of California, 814 F.2d 628, 633, 2 USPQ2d 1051, 1054 (Fed. Cir. 1987), cert. denied, 484 U.S. 827 (1987). A prior art reference anticipates the subject matter of a claim when that reference discloses each and every element set forth in the claim (In re Paulsen, 30 F.3d 1475, 1478-79, 31 USPQ2d 1671, 1673 (Fed. Cir. 1994) and In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 708, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1657 (Fed. Cir. 1990)); however, the law of anticipation does not require that the reference teach what Applicant is claiming, but only that the claims "read on" something disclosed in the reference. Kalman v. Kimberly-Clark Corp., 713 F.2d 760, 772, 218 USPQ 781, 789 (Fed. Cir. 1983), cert. denied, 465 U.S. 1026 (1984) (and overruled in part on another issue), SRI Intel v. Matsushita Elec. Corp. Of Am., 775 F.2d 1107, 1118, 227 USPQ 577, 583 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Also, a reference anticipates a claim if it discloses the claimed invention such that a skilled artisan could take its teachings in combination with his own knowledge of the particular art and be in possession of the invention. See In re Graves, 69 F.3d 1147, 1152, 36 USPQ2d 1697, 1701 (Fed. Cir. 1995), cert. denied, 116 S.Ct. 1362 (1996), quoting from In re LeGrice, 301 F.2d 929, 936, 133 USPQ 365, 372 (CCPA 1962).

With respect to the applied prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b), the examiner has explicitly demonstrated how the reference discloses each and every element set forth in the claims and how the pending claims read on the disclosure of the reference, hence the rejection is considered proper.

#### Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new grounds of rejection. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See M.P.E.P. § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION. ANY RESPONSE FILED AFTER THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL REJECTION WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF MPEP 714.12 AND 714.13.

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- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Charles Cooley whose telephone number is
- Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Technology Center 1700 receptionist whose telephone number is a (703) 308-0651.

Dated: 1 August 2001

**Charles Cooley** Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723